SAN MATEO COUNTY AGRITOURISM GUIDELINES

The San Mateo County Planning and Building Department and the San Mateo County Agricultural Advisory Committee’s subcommittee on agritourism have developed the following guidelines for the review and establishment of commercial activities on agricultural land. These guidelines seek to provide guidance regarding the application of existing Local Coastal Program (LCP) policies and zoning regulations in a manner that facilitates the establishment of uses that are secondary to the agricultural uses of the land, support the economic viability of farming and ranching, and minimize conflicts with agricultural activities on said lands and/or adjacent lands. These guidelines are not intended to obviate the need for compliance with other State or Federal regulations. (Agritourism review procedures are addressed in Part F of this document.)

A. DEFINITIONS

1. Agritourism – The act of visiting a working farm/ranch or agricultural operation for the purpose of enjoyment, education or active involvement in the activities of the farm/ranch or agricultural operation that adds to the economic viability of the agricultural operation.

2. Compatible Use(s) – A use that, as determined by the Community Development Director of San Mateo County, will not diminish or interfere with existing or potential agricultural productivity, and can be accommodated without adverse impact to the agricultural resources of the site or surrounding area.

3. Non-Prime Agricultural Land – Land that is not “prime agricultural land” as defined below. This may include, but is not limited to, land used for grazing or dry farming.

4. Prime Agricultural Land – Means any of the following:
   a. All land that qualifies for rating as Class I or Class II in the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Land Use Capability Classifications; or land that qualifies as Class III in the NRCS Land Use Capacity Classifications if producing no less than two hundred dollars ($200) per acre annual gross income for three of the past five years.
   b. Land which qualifies for rating 80 through 100 in the Storie Index Rating.
   c. Land which supports livestock used for the production of food and fiber and which has an annual carrying capacity equivalent to at least one animal unit per acre as defined by the United States Department of Agriculture.
d. Land planted with fruit- or nut-bearing trees, vines, bushes or crops which have a non-bearing period of less than five years and which will normally return during the commercial bearing period on an annual basis from the production of unprocessed agricultural plant production not less than two hundred dollars ($200) per acre.

e. Land which has returned from the production of unprocessed agricultural plant products an annual gross value of not less than two hundred dollars ($200) per acre annual gross income for three of the past five years.

f. In all cases, prime land shall have a secure water source adequate to support the agriculture on the premises.

B. COMPATIBILITY DETERMINATIONS

Any activity authorized by these guidelines may be made subject to a Use Permit at the discretion of the Community Development Director.

C. GOALS

1. Confirm that agritourism uses are secondary and supplemental to existing agricultural uses of the land.

2. Agritourism uses must be compatible with and beneficial to the agricultural uses on the land.

3. Allow temporary agritourism uses and facilities on all agricultural lands, but limit them in scale, location and time. Require staff level review to confirm temporary uses are consistent with these guidelines.

4. Limit percentage of lands utilized for agritourism.

5. Ensure the “Right to Farm” on all lands per Chapter 2.65 of the San Mateo County Ordinance (Administration/Agricultural Awareness).

D. AGRITOURISM GUIDELINES

1. Agritourism Uses and Activities that Require a Permit. Uses will be reviewed by Planning staff and the Agricultural Advisory Committee to ensure adherence to the guidelines.

Agritourism uses must be found to be compatible with the long-term agricultural uses of the land. Uses that occur for more than 45 consecutive days or more than two (2) times per year require a Planned Agricultural District Permit, or a Resource Management Permit, a Coastal Development Permit, and review by the Agricultural Advisory Committee.
MAINTAIN COMPATIBILITY WITH AGRICULTURE BY LIMITING ATTRACTIONS AND ACTIVITIES TO NO MORE THAN THE FOLLOWING:

a. One (1) farm animal petting zoo on non-prime soils.

b. One (1) pony ride area located on non-prime soils (confined animal permit or exemption required).

c. One (1) food vendor, mobile or on-site (Environmental Health permit if applicable) located on non-prime soils.

d. One (1) prepackaged food/snack bar on non-prime soils.

e. One (1) haunted house/barn on non-prime soils.

f. One (1) hay maze on non-prime soils.

g. One (1) train and tracks located on non-prime soils.

h. One (1) hayride on all soils.

i. Train rides on rubberized wheels throughout all soils subject to case-by-case review.

j. Inflatables* on non-prime soils (subject to height limitations set forth in the Planned Agricultural District and Resource Management Regulations) subject to case-by-case review.

k. Produce stand permitted per Section 6352(5) of the Planned Agricultural District Regulations (Environmental Health permit required).

l. Other recreational/educational activities subject to review and approval of the Community Development Director.

m. Days and hours of operation per determination of the Community Development Director.

2. Performance Standards for Agritourism Uses and Activities that Require a Permit. Agritourism uses shall be consistent with LCP and zoning standards, including but not limited to the following:

a. Adequate on-site parking to accommodate the uses must be provided on non-prime soils and designated on the site plan for review by Planning staff.

*Inflatable Operators Training Organization.
b. Parking subject to standards of Policy 10.22 (Parking) of the LCP.

c. Signage subject to standards of Policy 8.21 (Commercial Signs) of the LCP.

d. On parcels forty (40) acres or more in size, all agritourism elements shall be clustered and shall consume no more than two (2) gross acres (excludes hayrides or trains with rubberized wheels). Parking is excluded from acreage calculation.

e. On parcels under forty (40) acres in size, all agritourism elements shall be clustered and shall consume no more than one (1) gross acre (excludes hayrides or trains with rubberized wheels). Parking is excluded from acreage calculation.

f. Setbacks subject to regulations pertaining to watercourses and riparian vegetation.

3. **Temporary Seasonal Agritourism Uses and Activities that Do Not Require Permits.** Temporary seasonal visitor serving uses and facilities allowed on all agricultural lands limited in scale, elements and time. Uses will be reviewed by Planning staff and the Agricultural Advisory Committee to ensure adherence to the guidelines.

a. Does not interfere with agricultural production on or adjacent to the lot.

b. Allowed for a maximum of 45 consecutive days per use and limited to no more than two (2) per year.

c. Days and hours of operation: Sunday through Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to sunset (no lighting shall be allowed).

d. Two (2) inflatables* allowed on all lands (subject to height limits set forth in the Planned Agricultural District and Resource Management Regulations).

e. One (1) pony ride area (confined animal permit or exemption required).

f. One (1) farm animal petting zoo on all lands.

g. One (1) hayride on all lands.

h. One (1) train with rubberized wheels on all lands.

*Inflatable subject to the standards of the Safe Inflatable Operators Training Organization.
i. One (1) food vendor, mobile or on-site including mobile prepackaged food/snack bar (Environmental Health permit required) located on all soils.

j. One (1) prepackaged food/snack bar on non-prime soils (may be subject to Environmental Health permit).

k. Other recreational/educational activities subject to review and approval of the Community Development Director.

4. **Performance Standards for Seasonal Uses and Activities that Do Not Require Permits**

   a. Adequate on-site parking to accommodate the temporary seasonal uses must be provided and designated on the site plan for review by Planning staff.

   b. Parking subject to standards of Policy 10.22 (Parking) of the LCP.

   c. Signage subject to standards of Policy 8.21 (Commercial Signs) of the LCP.

   d. Meets the current standards for buffers from creeks and/or riparian vegetation.

   e. On parcels forty (40) acres or more in size, all agritourism elements shall be clustered and shall consume no more than two (2) gross acres (excludes hayrides or trains with rubberized wheels). Parking is excluded from acreage calculation.

   f. On parcels under forty (40) acres in size, all agritourism elements shall be clustered and shall consume no more than one (1) gross acre (excludes hayrides or trains with rubberized wheels). Parking is excluded from acreage calculation.

   g. Setbacks subject to regulations pertaining to watercourses and riparian vegetation.

   h. No land disturbance including import of gravel or fill.

   i. Produce stand permitted per Section 6352(5) of the Planned Agricultural District Regulations (Environmental Health permit required).

5. **Commercial Dining Events**

   a. Commercial food service to groups with issuance of an Environmental Health permit and fire review occurring on an infrequent basis shall be allowed without the need of a PAD permit unless otherwise required.*
b. All other commercial food services not meeting the standards above may occur with the issuance of a PAD permit.

c. Commercial dining events cannot occur simultaneously with any temporary or seasonal agritourism event.

E. OTHER NON-AGRICULTURAL COMMERCIAL EVENTS

Commercial events on PAD lands require review by the Agricultural Advisory Committee to determine whether they constitute an agritourism event.

The following examples are uses when operated as a commercial business that are not considered agritourism and require County permits.

- Weddings.
- Music concerts.
- Paint ball.
- Carnivals.

*For purposes of this section, infrequent is defined as no more than twelve (12) meal servings per calendar year.

F. AGRITOURISM REVIEW PROCEDURES

For seasonal non-permit required event applications, applicants shall submit an application and accompanying materials to the Planning and Building Department two (2) months prior to desired date of event.

For seasonal permit required event applications, applicants shall submit an application and accompanying materials no later than six (6) months prior to desired date of event.

All application submittals are subject to the following:

1. Completion of permit application forms.

2. Submittal of any existing Williamson Contract on said lands.

3. Description of existing agricultural operations and statement of conformance with the goals of the agritourism standards.

4. Site plan showing existing permanent buildings and structures, all agricultural areas, watercourses, riparian areas and wells.

5. Site plan showing all agritourism uses and activities, and existing/proposed parking areas.
6. Statement of operations (days/hours).

7. Number of employees on-site for agritourism purposes.

G. **RECOMMENDED FINDINGS**

When considering proposals to establish agritourism uses, the Agricultural Advisory Committee and relevant decision makers should determine:

1. That the agritourism use is compatible with the long-term agricultural uses of the land.

2. That the agritourism operation will not adversely affect the health or safety of persons in the area and will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to agricultural property.

3. That the agritourism operation is in substantial conformance with the goals set forth in the San Mateo County Agritourism Guidelines. Specifically, that the operation is secondary and supplemental to existing agricultural operation on said land.

4. That the proposed use and activities comply with all relevant provisions of the General Plan, Local Coastal Program, Zoning Regulations, and Williamson Act (where applicable).